

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 5378

February Session, 2016

LCO No. 1888



Referred to Committee on LABOR AND PUBLIC EMPLOYEES

Introduced by: (LAB)

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AN ACT CONCERNING THE STANDARD RATE OF WAGES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 31-57f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2016*):
 - (a) As used in this section: (1) "Required employer" means any provider of food, building, property or equipment services or maintenance listed in this subdivision whose rate of reimbursement or compensation is determined by contract or agreement with the state or any quasi-public agency or any state agent: (A) Building, property or equipment service companies; (B) management companies providing property management services; and (C) companies providing food preparation or service, or both; (2) "state agent" means any state official, state employee or other person authorized to enter into a contract or agreement on behalf of the state or a quasi-public agency; (3) "person" means one or more individuals, partnerships, associations, corporations, business trusts, legal representatives or organized groups of persons; (4) "building, property or equipment service" means any janitorial, cleaning, maintenance, security or related service; (5) "prevailing rate of wages" means the hourly wages paid for work

LCO No. 1888 **1** of 8

performed within the city of Hartford under the collective bargaining agreement covering the largest number of hourly nonsupervisory employees employed within Hartford County in each classification established by the Labor Commissioner under subsection (e) of this section, provided the collective bargaining agreement covers no less than five hundred employees in the classification; (6) "prevailing rate of benefits" means the total cost to the employer on an hourly basis for work performed within the city of Hartford, under a collective bargaining agreement that establishes the prevailing rate of wages, of providing health, welfare and retirement benefits, including, but not limited to, (A) medical, surgical or hospital care benefits; (B) disability or death benefits; (C) benefits in the event of unemployment; (D) pension benefits; (E) vacation, holiday and personal leave; (F) training benefits; and (G) legal service benefits, and may include payment made directly to employees, payments to purchase insurance and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable by the employer on behalf of each employee to any employee benefit fund; (7) "employee benefit fund" means any trust fund established by one or more employers and one or more labor organizations or one or more other third parties not affiliated with such employers to provide, whether through the purchase of insurance or annuity contracts or otherwise, benefits under an employee health, welfare or retirement plan, but does not include any such fund where the trustee or trustees are subject to supervision by the Banking Commissioner of this state or of any other state, or the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States or the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; [and] (8) "benefits under an employee health, welfare or retirement plan" means one or more benefits or services under any plan established or maintained for employees or their families or dependents, or for both, including, but not limited to, medical, surgical or hospital care benefits, benefits in the event of sickness, accident, disability or death, benefits in the event of unemployment, retirement benefits, vacation and paid holiday benefits, legal service benefits or training benefits; and (9) "quasi-public agency" has the same meaning as provided in

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LCO No. 1888 **2** of 8

52 section 1-120.

- (b) On and after July 1, 2000, the wages paid on an hourly basis to any employee of a required employer in the provision of food, building, property or equipment services provided to the state pursuant to a contract or agreement with the state or <u>any quasi-public agency or</u> any state agent, shall be at a rate not less than the standard rate determined by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to subsection (g) of this section.
- (c) Any required employer or agent of such employer that violates subsection (b) of this section shall pay a civil penalty in an amount not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but not more than five thousand dollars for each offense. The contracting department of the state that has imposed such civil penalty on the required employer or agent of such employer shall, within two days after taking such action, notify the Labor Commissioner, in writing, of the name of the employer or agent involved, the violations involved and steps taken to collect the fine.
- (d) The Labor Commissioner may make complaint to the proper prosecuting authorities for the violation of any provision of subsection (b) of this section.
- (e) For the purpose of predetermining the standard rate of covered wages on an hourly basis, the Labor Commissioner shall establish classifications for all hourly nonsupervisory employees based on the applicable occupation codes and titles set forth in the federal Register of Wage Determinations under the Service Contract Act of 1965, 41 USC 351, et seq., provided the Labor Commissioner shall classify any individual employed on or before July 1, 2009, as a grounds maintenance laborer or laborer as a janitor, and shall classify any individual hired after July 1, 2009, performing the duty of grounds maintenance laborer, laborer or janitor as a light cleaner, heavy cleaner, furniture handler or window cleaner, as appropriate, [. The]

LCO No. 1888 3 of 8

and shall classify any individual employed on and after July 1, 2016, as a housekeeping aide as a light cleaner. Subject to the provisions of subsection (h) of this section, the Labor Commissioner shall then determine the standard rate of wages for each classification of hourly nonsupervisory employees which shall be (1) the prevailing rate of wages paid to employees in each classification, or if there is no such prevailing rate of wages, the minimum hourly wages set forth in the federal Register of Wage Determinations under the Service Contract Act, plus (2) the prevailing rate of benefits paid to employees in each classification, or if there is no such prevailing rate of benefits, a thirty per cent surcharge on the amount determined in subdivision (1) of this subsection to cover the cost of any health, welfare and retirement benefits or, if no such benefits are provided to the employees, an amount equal to thirty per cent of the amount determined in subdivision (1) of this section, which shall be paid directly to the employees. The standard rate of wages for any employee entitled to receive such rate on or before July 1, 2009, shall not be less than the minimum hourly wage for the classification set forth in the federal Register of Wage Determinations under the Service Contract Act plus the prevailing rate of benefits for such classification for as long as that employee continues to work for a required employer.

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(f) Required employers with employees covered by collective bargaining agreements which call for wages and benefits that are reasonably related to the standard rate of wages shall not be economically disadvantaged in the bidding process, provided the collective bargaining agreement was arrived at through arms-length negotiations.

(g) (1) The Labor Commissioner shall, in accordance with subsection (e) of this section, determine the standard rate of wages for each classification on an hourly basis where any covered services are to be provided, and the state agent empowered to let such contract shall contact the Labor Commissioner at least ten days prior to the date such contract will be advertised for bid, to ascertain the standard rate of

LCO No. 1888 **4** of 8

116 wages and benefits and shall include the required number of hours necessary for the performance of such contract and the standard rate of 117 wages and benefits on an hourly basis for all classifications of 118 employment in the proposal for the contract and shall include a 119 120 worksheet, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, listing the cost 121 details of such required number of hours. The standard rate of wages 122 [on an hourly basis] and benefits shall, at all times, be considered the 123 minimum rate for the classification for which it was established.

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- (2) Each required employer shall indicate in a proposal for a contract or agreement with the state or any quasi-public agency or any state agent for the provision of food, building, property or equipment service whether the employees providing such food, building, property or equipment service are covered by collective bargaining agreements and, if so, such required employer shall provide a copy of such collective bargaining agreements to the state or quasi-public agency or state agent.
- 132 (h) Commencing on and after October 1, 2017, and not later than each October first thereafter the administrator shall announce an 133 134 adjustment in the standard rate of wages that shall be equal to (1) the 135 percentage increase between the last complete calendar year and the 136 previous calendar year in the consumer price index for urban wage 137 earners and clerical workers in the northeast urban area of New York-138 Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA, with no seasonal 139 adjustment, as calculated by the United States Department of Labor's 140 Bureau of Labor Statistics, with the amount of the standard rate of wages increase rounded to the nearest five cents, or (2) the current 141 142 standard rate of wages, whichever is greater. The standard rate of 143 wages increase announced by the administrator not later than October 144 first shall become the new standard rate of wages and shall be effective 145 on the January first immediately following.
- [(h)] (i) Where a required employer is awarded a contract to perform services that are substantially the same as services that have

LCO No. 1888 5 of 8

been rendered under a predecessor contract, such required employer shall retain, for a period of ninety days, all employees who had been employed by the predecessor to perform services under such predecessor contract, except that the successor contract need not retain employees who worked less than fifteen hours per week or who had been employed at the site for less than sixty days. During such ninety-day period, the successor contract shall not discharge without just cause an employee retained pursuant to this subsection. If the performance of an employee retained pursuant to this subsection or section 4a-82 is satisfactory during the ninety-day period, the successor contractor shall offer the employee continued employment for the duration of the successor contract under the terms and conditions established by the successor contractor, or as required by law. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any contract covered by section 31-57g or subsections (n) and (o) of section 4a-82.

[(i)] (j) Each required employer subject to the provisions of this section shall (1) keep, maintain and preserve such records relating to the wages and hours worked by each employee and a schedule of the occupation or work classification at which each person is employed during each work day and week in such manner and form as the Labor Commissioner establishes to assure the proper payments due to such employees, and (2) [annually] monthly or upon written request, submit to the contracting state agent by mail, electronically or in such other method is permitted by such state agent, a certified payroll [which] that shall consist of a complete copy of such records accompanied by a statement signed by the employer which indicates that (A) such records are correct, (B) the rate of wages paid to each employee is not less than the standard rate of wages required by this section, (C) such employer has complied with the provisions of this section, and (D) such employer is aware that filing a certified payroll which it knows to be false is a class D felony for which such employer may be fined not more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. Notwithstanding the provisions of

LCO No. 1888 **6** of 8

section 1-210, the certified payroll shall be considered a public record and every person shall have the right to inspect and copy such record in accordance with the provisions of section 1-212. The provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 31-59, section 31-66 and section 31-69 which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section shall apply. Any person who files a false certified payroll in violation of subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be guilty of a class D felony for which such person may be fined not more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

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[(j)] (k) This section shall not apply to contracts, agreements or grants which do not exceed forty-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine dollars per annum.

[(k)] (1) On receipt of a complaint for nonpayment of the standard rate of wages, the Labor Commissioner, the Director of Wage and Workplace Standards and wage enforcement agents of the Labor Department shall have power to enter, during usual business hours, the place of business or employment of any employer to determine compliance with this section, and for such purpose may examine payroll and other records and interview employees, call hearings, administer oaths, take testimony under oath and take depositions in the manner provided by sections 52-148a to 52-148e, inclusive. The commissioner or the director, for such purpose, may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and records. Any required employer, an officer or agent of such employer, or the officer or agent of any corporation, firm or partnership who wilfully fails to furnish time and wage records as required by law to the commissioner, the director or any wage enforcement agent upon request or who refuses to admit the commissioner, the director or such agent to a place of employment or who hinders or delays the commissioner, the director or such agent in the performance of any duties in the enforcement of this section shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and each day of such failure to furnish time and wage records to the commissioner,

LCO No. 1888 7 of 8

the director or such agent shall constitute a separate offense, and each day of refusal of admittance, of hindering or of delaying the commissioner, the director or such agent shall constitute a separate offense.

[(l)] (m) Notwithstanding subsection [(j)] (k) of this section, any employer that pays the state for a franchise to provide food preparation or service, or both, for the state shall be required to certify that the wages and benefits paid to its employees are not less than the standard rate established pursuant to this section, provided, if no prevailing rate of wages or benefits was in effect at the time the state entered into a franchise agreement, then the employer shall not be required to pay the prevailing rate of wages or benefits during the life of the agreement, unless the agreement is amended, extended or renewed.

- [(m)] (n) The Labor Commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the provisions of this section.
- [(n)] (o) The provisions of this section and any regulation adopted pursuant to subsection [(m)] (n) of this section shall not apply to any contract or agreement entered into before July 1, 2000.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2016	31-57f

Statement of Purpose:

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To include security services in the definition of "building, property or equipment service" and to classify housekeeping aides as light cleaners for the purposes of the standard wage and to index the standard rate of wages to the consumer price index.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

LCO No. 1888 8 of 8